

[544] Spark SQL

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Learning Objectives

- create Hive tables and views as preparation for Spark SQL queries
- write queries that pull together related data (distinct, group by, windowing, joining)
- use a combination of SQL and DataFrame operations as part of a single calculation

Outline

Views and Tables

Grouping

Joining

Tables and Views

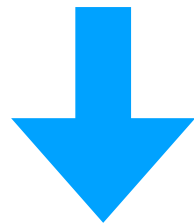
orig.parquet

X	Y
A	1
B	2
A	3
C	4

```
df = spark.read.format("parquet").load("orig.parquet").where("X = 'A'")
```

1

```
df.write.saveAsTable("mytable")
```

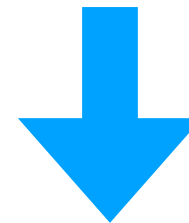


mytable
(parquet files in HDFS)

X	Y
A	1
A	3

2

```
df.createTempView("myview")
```



X Y
description of how to
get data on demand

myview
(a query with a name)

a bit like an RDD!

mytable vs. myview

- which one is faster to create?
- which one takes less space?
- which one is faster if we sum up the Y column?

Demos...

Outline

Views and Tables

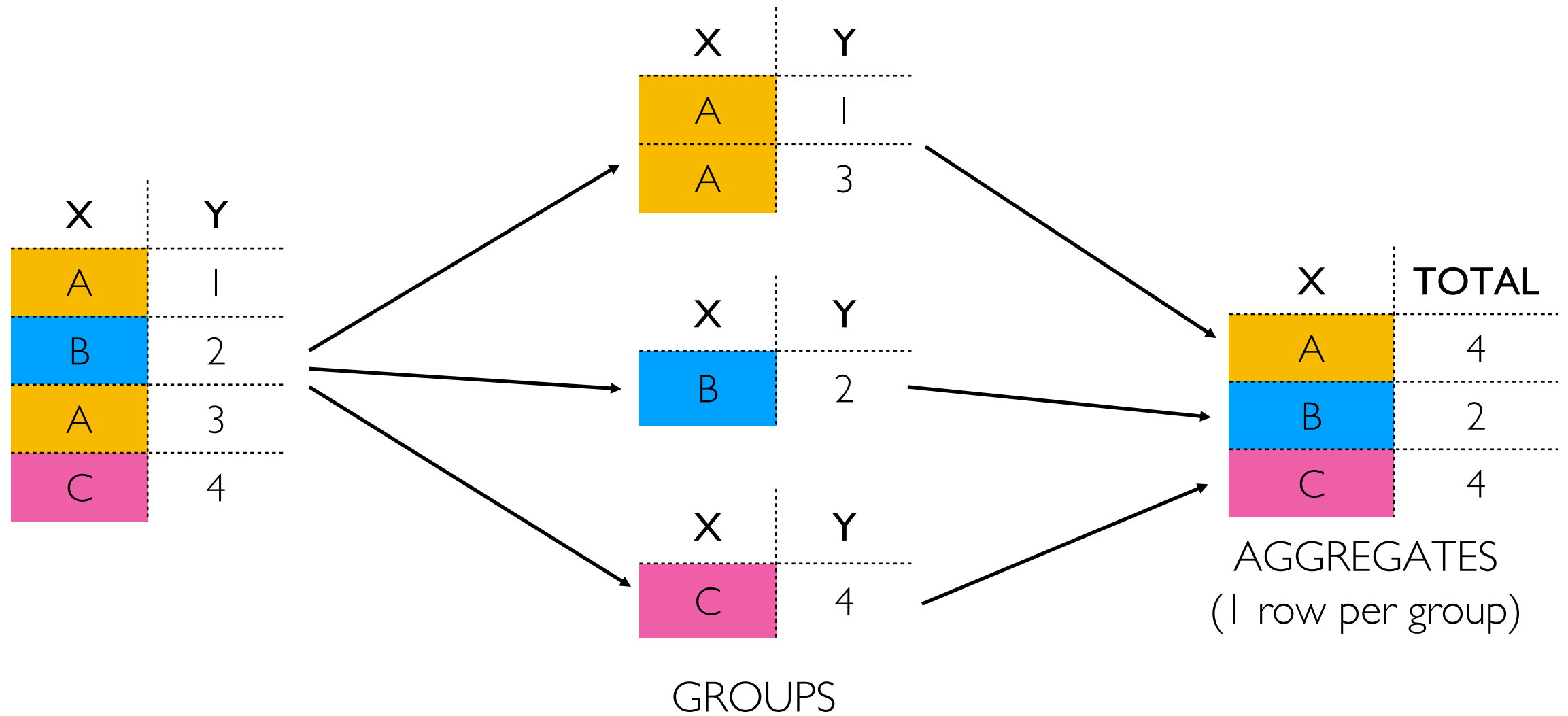
Grouping

Joining

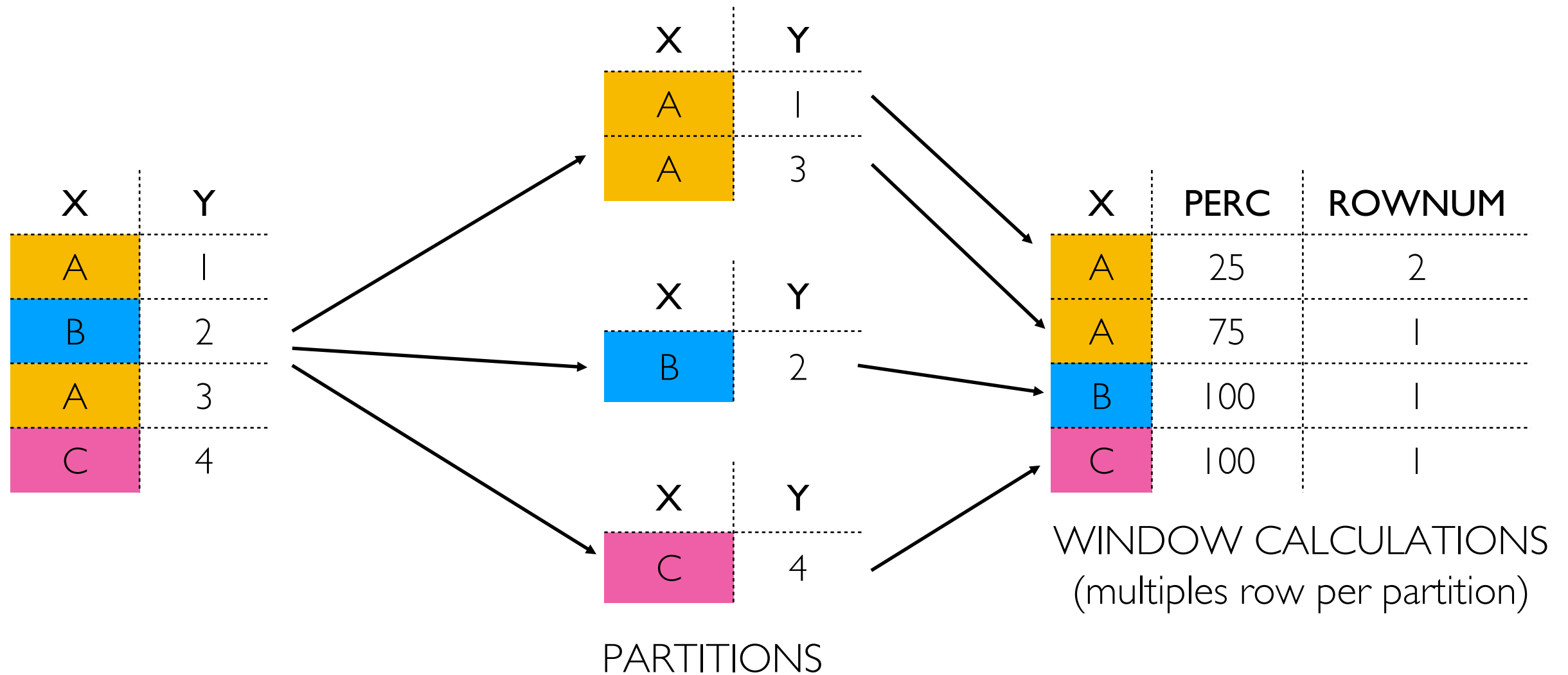
DISTINCT



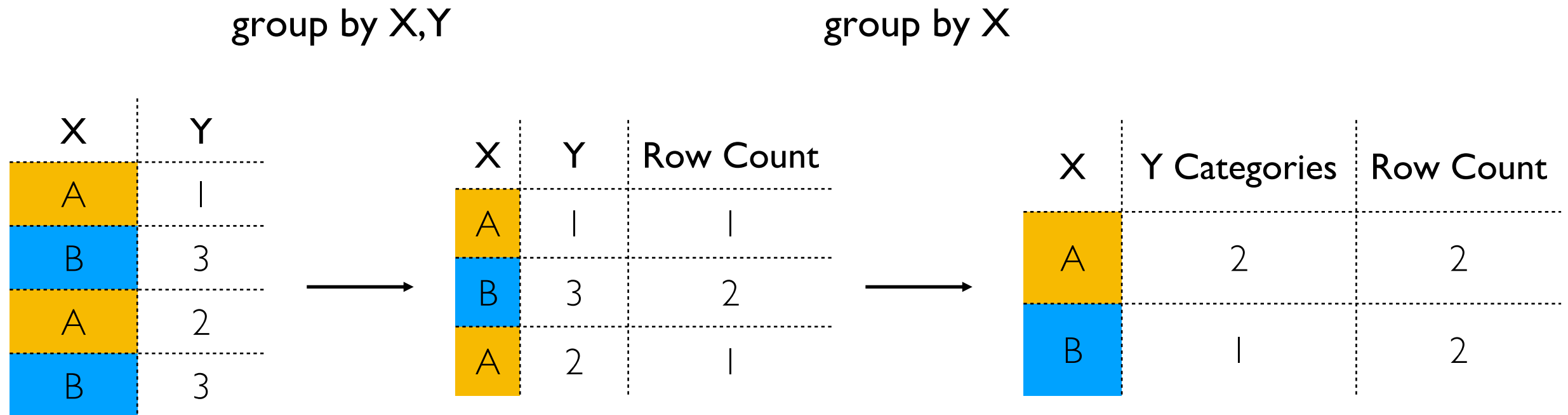
GROUPS, AGGREGATES



PARTITIONS, WINDOW FUNCTIONS



Nested/chained grouping



Multiple grouping levels

- SQL uses nested queries (or complicated WITH statements)
- DataFrames can chain multiple groupby's together



TOP HAT

Demos...

Outline

Views and Tables

Grouping

Joining

Joining

which bands did each guest at the festival see?

INNER JOIN on visits.day = performances.day

equi join

visits

guest_id	day
A	Tue
A	Mon
B	Tue
B	Wed
C	Wed

performances

band_id	day
X	Mon
X	Tue
Y	Tue

many-to-many relationship:

we join on day

each day has many visits

each day has many performances

Joining

which bands did each guest at the festival see?

INNER JOIN on `visits.day = performances.day`

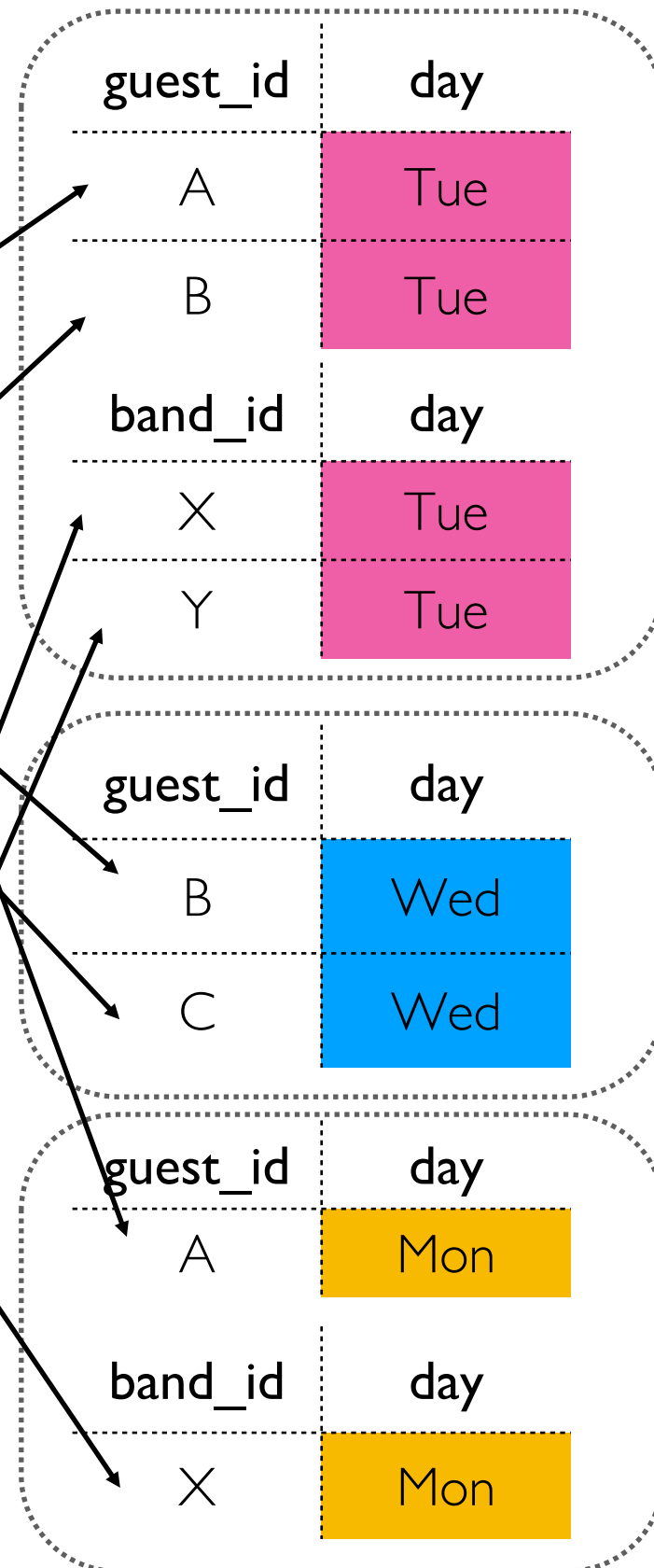
equi join

visits

guest_id	day
A	Tue
A	Mon
B	Tue
B	Wed
C	Wed

performances

band_id	day
X	Mon
X	Tue
Y	Tue



Joining is logically similar to grouping, but on two tables.

To find matches, we need to bring portions of each table with the same day together to the same place.

Joining

which bands did each guest at the festival see?

INNER JOIN on `visits.day = performances.day`

equi join

visits

guest_id	day
A	Tue
A	Mon
B	Tue
B	Wed
C	Wed

performances

band_id	day
X	Mon
X	Tue
Y	Tue

guest_id	day
A	Tue
B	Tue

band_id	day
X	Tue
Y	Tue

guest_id	day
B	Wed
C	Wed

guest_id	day
A	Mon

band_id	day
X	Mon

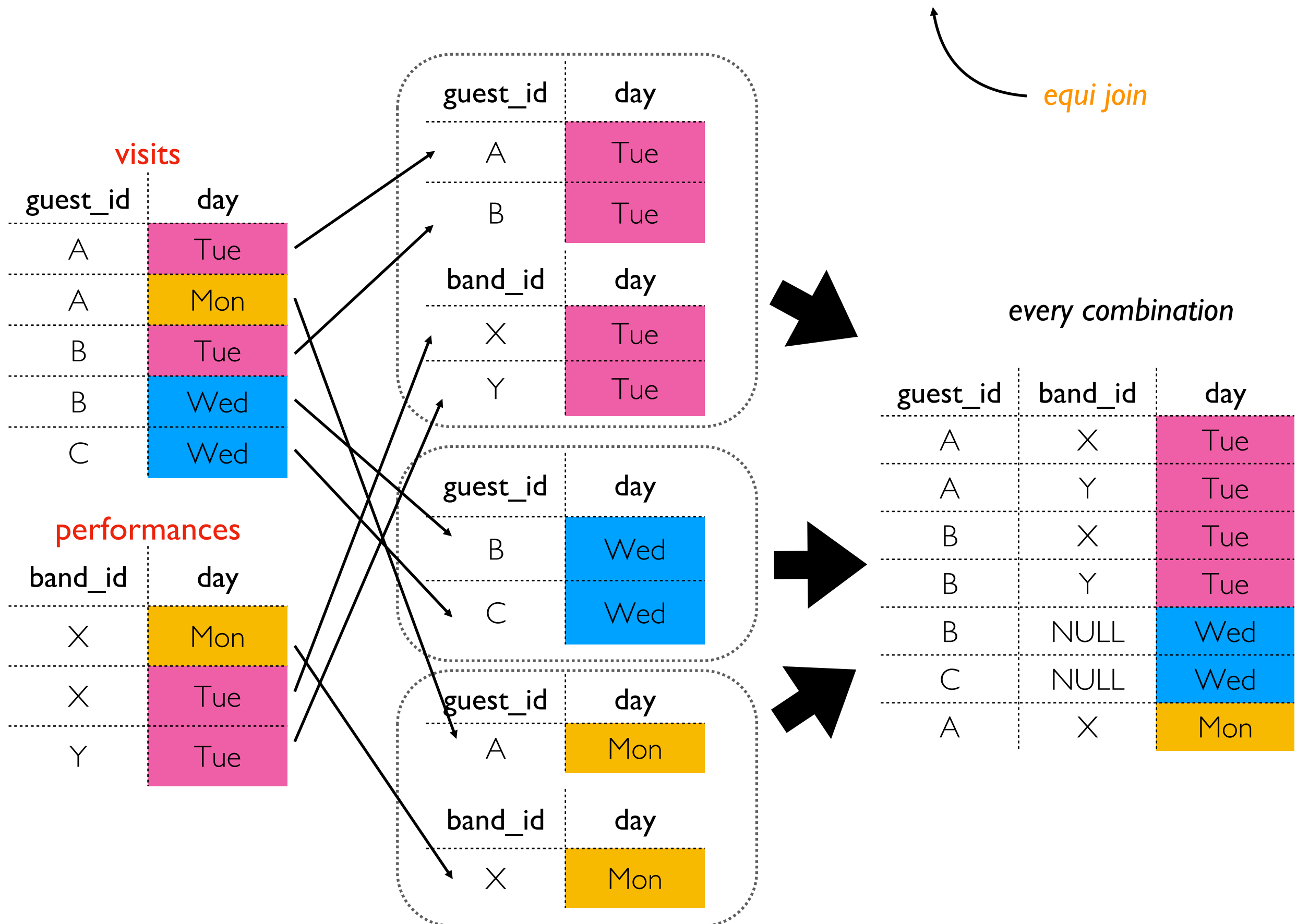
every combination

guest_id	band_id	day
A	X	Tue
A	Y	Tue
B	X	Tue
B	Y	Tue
A	X	Mon

Joining

which guests never saw a performance?

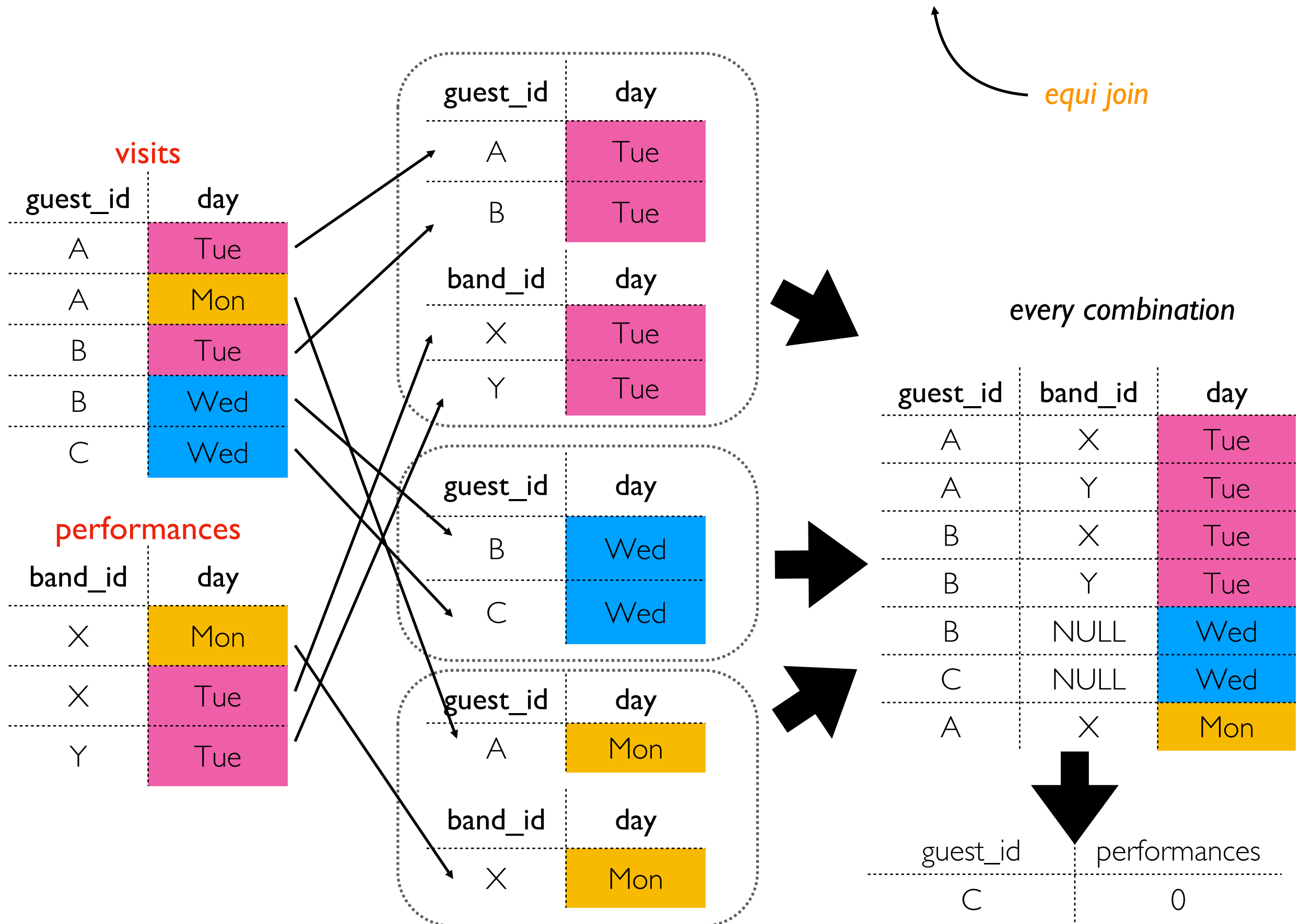
LEFT JOIN on `visits.day = performances.day`



Joining

which guests never saw a performance?

LEFT JOIN on `visits.day = performances.day`



Demos...